# INDIAN SCHOOL DARSAIT <br> DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS 

S.No.

## Section A-[Basic skills]

1. 

$$
\frac{3}{8}-\frac{1}{10}=
$$

2. $45.5 \times \frac{1}{15}=$
3. $(36 \div 6) 4=$
4. Solve for $\mathrm{x}: \frac{x}{4}=\frac{5}{16}$
5. Evaluate : $\tan 30^{\circ}+\tan 60^{\circ}$

SI.N0.
Section B -[Chapter based questions]

1. The angles of depression of two ships from the top of a light house and on the same side of it are found to be $45^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$ respectively. If ships are 200 m apart, find the height of the light house.
2. On a horizontal plane there is a vertical tower with a flag pole on the top of the tower.

At a point 9 meters away from the foot of the tower the angle of elevation of the top and bottom of the flag pole are $60^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$ respectively. Find the heights of the tower and the flag pole mounted on it.
3. An aeroplane when flying at a height of 4000 m from the ground passes vertically above another aero plane at an instant when the angles of the elevation of the two planes from the same point on the ground are $60^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ respectively. Find the vertical distance between the aero planes at that instant. [Take: $\sqrt{ } 3=1.732$ ]
4. A man on the deck of a ship 14 m above water level observes that the angle of elevation of the top of the cliff is $60^{\circ}$ and the angle of depression of the base of the cliff is $30^{\circ}$. Calculate the distance of the cliff from the ship and the height of the cliff. [Take: $\sqrt{ } 3=1.732$ ]
5. The height of a tree is 10 m . It is bent by the wind in such a way that its top touches the ground and makes an angle of $60^{\circ}$ with the ground. At what height from the bottom did the tree get bent?
[Take: $\sqrt{ } 3=1.732$ ]
6. A 1.5 m tall boy stands at a distance of 3 m from a lamp post and casts a shadow of 4.5 m on the ground. Find the height of the lamp post.
7. A vertical tower stands on a horizontal plane and is surmounted by a vertical flagstaff of height 5 m . From a point on the plane the angle of elevation of the bottom and the

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top of the flagstaff are $30^{\circ}$ and $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower.
8. The angle of elevation of a cloud from a point 60 m above a lake is $30^{\circ}$ and the angle of depression of the reflection of cloud in the lake is $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the cloud.

## SECTION C [HOT QUESTIONS]

1. The angle of elevation of a jet fighter from a point A on the ground is $60^{\circ}$. After a flight of 15 seconds, the angle of elevation changes to $30^{\circ}$. If the jet is flying at a speed of $720 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hour}$, find the constant height at which the jet is flying. [Use: $\sqrt{3}=1.732$ ]
2. A vertical tower stands on a horizontal plane and is surmounted by a vertical flagstaff of height h . At appoint on the plane,the angles of elevation of the bottom of the flagstaff is $\alpha$ and that of the top of the flagstaff is $\beta$.
Prove that the height of the tower is $h \tan \alpha / \tan \beta-\tan \alpha$
3. The angle of elevation of a cloud from a point h meters above a lake is $\alpha$ and the angle of depression of the reflection of cloud in the lake is $\beta$. Prove that the height of the cloud is $\underline{h(\tan \beta+\tan \alpha)}$
$\tan \beta-\tan \alpha$
