



Topic: When People Rebel 1857 & After **Subject:History** Date of Worksheet: 21/08/2019 Resource Person: Pooja Singh Worksheet No. 3 Class: VIII ____ Roll No: Name of the Student: Multiple Choice Questions- Tick the correct answer. I. 1. This Mughal Emperor had neither territory nor power. a) Shah Alam II b) Bhadur Shah c) Jahandar Shah d) Bahadur Shah Zafar The British Attitude of ______ led to resentment among people. 2. a) Racial superiority b) Never say die c) Do or die d) Financial superiority 3. The new rifle that was introduced in the British army was the _____ a) Brown Bess rifle b) AK-47 rifle c) Enfield-Pritchett rifle d) Baker rifle 4. The last Mughal Emperor was deported to _____ a) Rangoon b) Timbaktu c) London d) Paris 5. The Revolt of 1857 started from _____ a) Mathura b) Meerut c) Jhansi

d) Awadh





- 6. Which of the following is one of the social reasons for 1857 revolt?
 - a) The English could not establish any social relationship with the Indians.
 - b) The racial arrogance of the British created a difference between the rulers and the ruled.
 - c) Both A & B
 - d) The company's trade policy destroyed Indian handicrafts.
- 7. What was the role of Tatia Tope in 1857 mutiny?
 - a) He was commander-in-chief of the army of Nana Saheb
 - b) He organized Bhils of Panchamahal region against the British
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
- 8. Who was the governor-general during the Revolt of 1857?
 - a) Lord Canning
 - b) Lord Irwin
 - c) Lord Lytton
 - d) Lord Willington
- 9. Who was the prominent leader in Lucknow during the Revolt of 1857?
 - a) Begum HazratMahal
 - b) Rani LaxmiBai
 - c) Kuwar Singh
 - d) Bahadur Shah Zafar
- 10. Consider the following statements related to the cause of 1857 revolt and select the right one.
 - a) It was a great disparity in salaries between the Indian and European soldiers.
 - b) The Indian sepoys were treated with contempt by their European officers.
 - c) The sepoys were sent to distant parts of the empire, but were not paid any extra allowance.
 - d) All the above

II. Match the following.





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	Column A	Column B				
	a) MangalPandey	i) Bareilly				
	b) Nana Saheb	ii) Bihar				
	c) Begum HazratMahal	iii) Delhi				
	d) Rani LaxmiBai	iv) Awadh				
	e) Kunwar Singh	v) Barrackpore				
-	f) Bakht Khan	vi) Kanpur				
-	g) Bahadur Shah Zafar	vii) Jhansi				
	TT T::					
	III. Fill in the blanks					
1.	A massive rebellion that started in, threatened the company's very presence in India.					
2.		had been stationed in many cou	rts of rajas and nawabs	S.		
3.	The armed forces of t	The armed forces of the andwere disbanded.				
4.	was one of the last territories to be annexed by the British.					
5.	The name of the was removed from the coins minted by the company.					
6.	Awadh was taken over by the British in the year					
7.	The were unhappy about their pay, allowances and conditions of service.					
8.	The book 'Maiha Pray	vaas' was written by				
9.	'Sepoy to Subedar' is an autobiography written by					
10.						
			•			
]	IV. State whether true	e or false:				
1.	Many peasant familie	s tried to negotiate with the comp	any to protect			
	their interest.	3	, ,	()	
2.	Peshwa Baji Rao II v	vas the adopted son of Nana Sah	eb	()	
3.	In 1801, a subsidiary	alliance was imposed on Bengal		()	
4.	After the death of Bahadur Shah Zafar his son was recognized as king			()	
5.	Many people in India believed that if they cross the sea they would lose their religion and caste			()	
6.	In 1850 a new law wa	In 1850 a new law was passed to make the conversion to Christianity easier.		()	
7.	The Nawab Wajid Ali Shah's decision to bless the rebellion changed the entire situation.			()	
8.	Ahmadullah Shah proend soon.	ophesied that the rule of the Britis	sh would come to an	(,) _	





V. On the outline map of India, mark the following important centers of Revolt.

Delhi, Barrackpore, Lucknow, Kanpur, Jhansi, Meerut, Bareilly,





